

COLORING BOOK

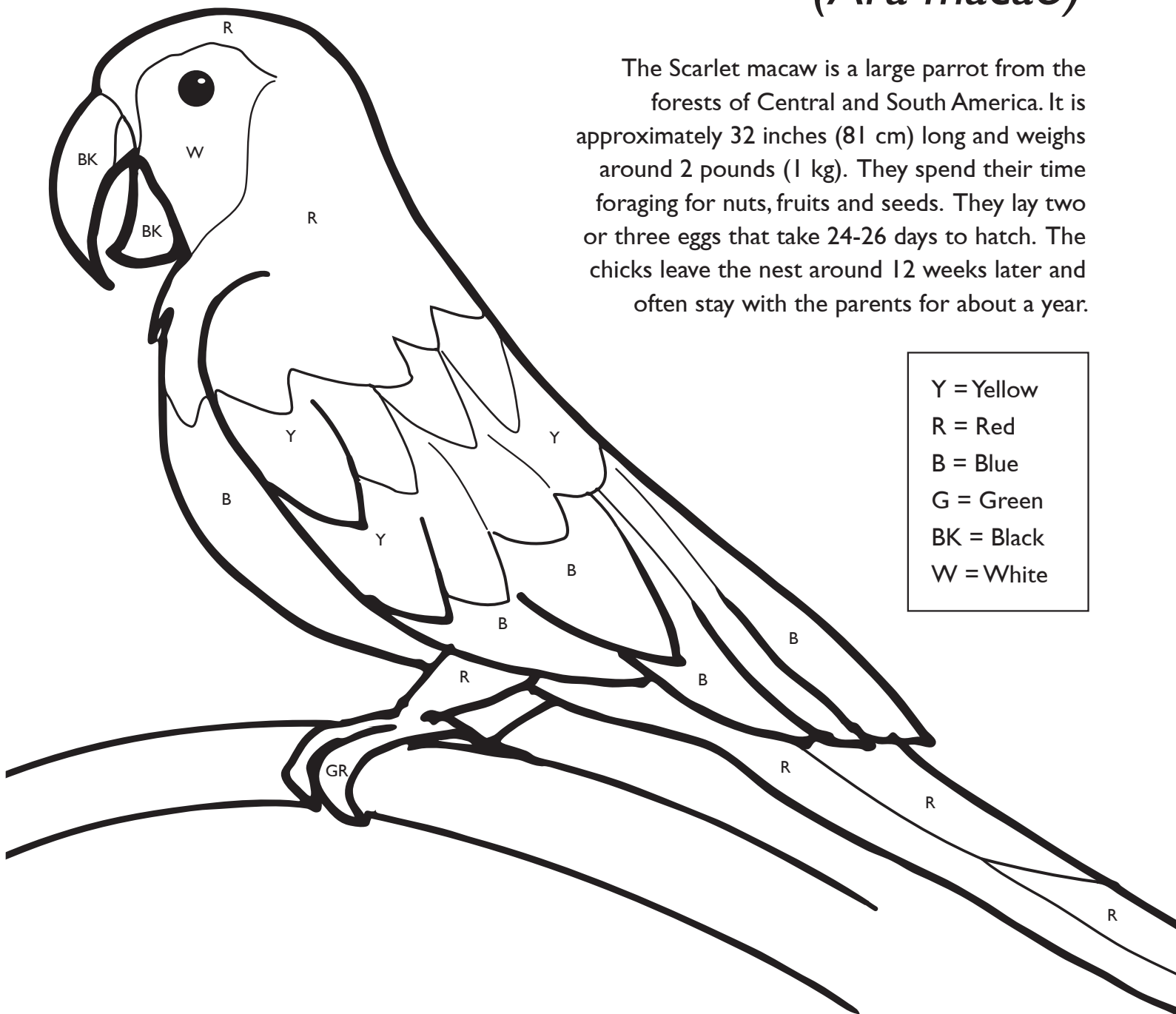
BIRDS FROM AROUND THE WORLD

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SCARLET MACAW

(*Ara macao*)

The Scarlet macaw is a large parrot from the forests of Central and South America. It is approximately 32 inches (81 cm) long and weighs around 2 pounds (1 kg). They spend their time foraging for nuts, fruits and seeds. They lay two or three eggs that take 24-26 days to hatch. The chicks leave the nest around 12 weeks later and often stay with the parents for about a year.



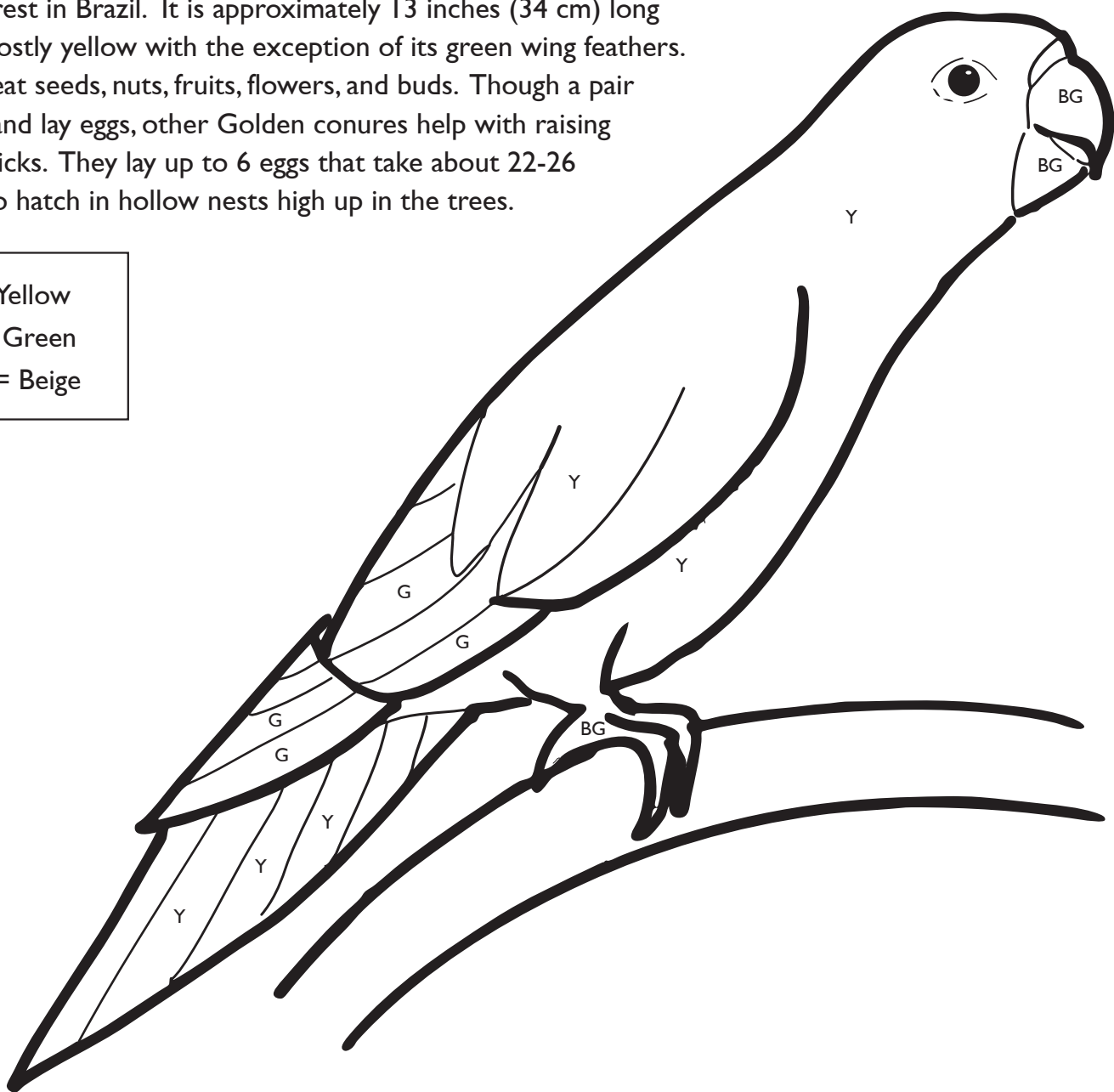
Y = Yellow
R = Red
B = Blue
G = Green
BK = Black
W = White

GOLDEN CONURE

(*Guaruba guarouba*)

The Golden conure is a medium-sized parrot from the Amazon rainforest in Brazil. It is approximately 13 inches (34 cm) long and mostly yellow with the exception of its green wing feathers. They eat seeds, nuts, fruits, flowers, and buds. Though a pair mate and lay eggs, other Golden conures help with raising the chicks. They lay up to 6 eggs that take about 22-26 days to hatch in hollow nests high up in the trees.

Y = Yellow
G = Green
BG = Beige

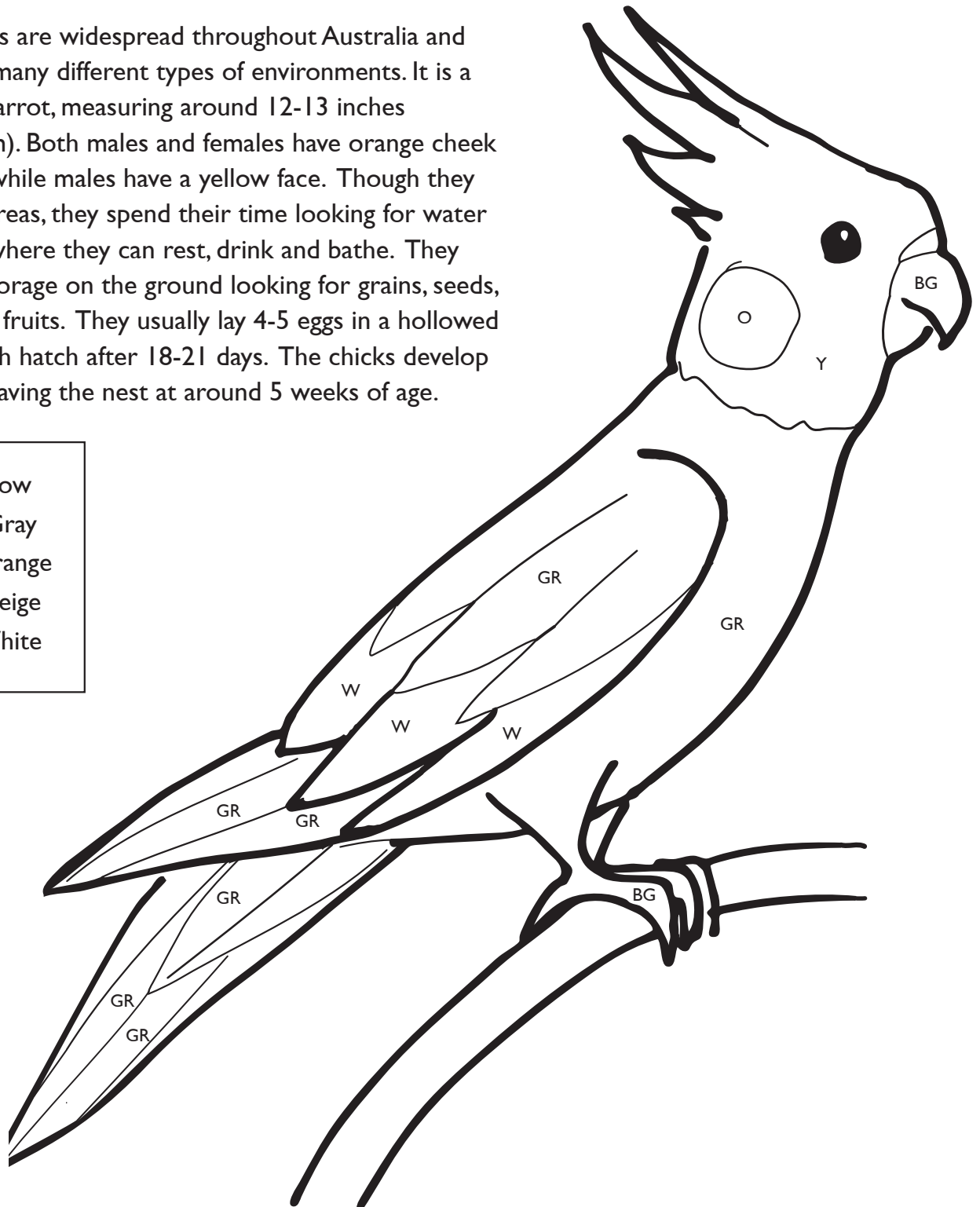


COCKATIEL

(Nymphicus hollandicus)

Cockatiels are widespread throughout Australia and found in many different types of environments. It is a smaller parrot, measuring around 12-13 inches (30-33 cm). Both males and females have orange cheek patches, while males have a yellow face. Though they like dry areas, they spend their time looking for water sources where they can rest, drink and bathe. They typically forage on the ground looking for grains, seeds, and small fruits. They usually lay 4-5 eggs in a hollowed tree which hatch after 18-21 days. The chicks develop quickly, leaving the nest at around 5 weeks of age.

Y = Yellow
GR = Gray
O = Orange
BG = Beige
W = White



SULPHUR- CRESTED COCKATOO

(*Cacatua galerita*)

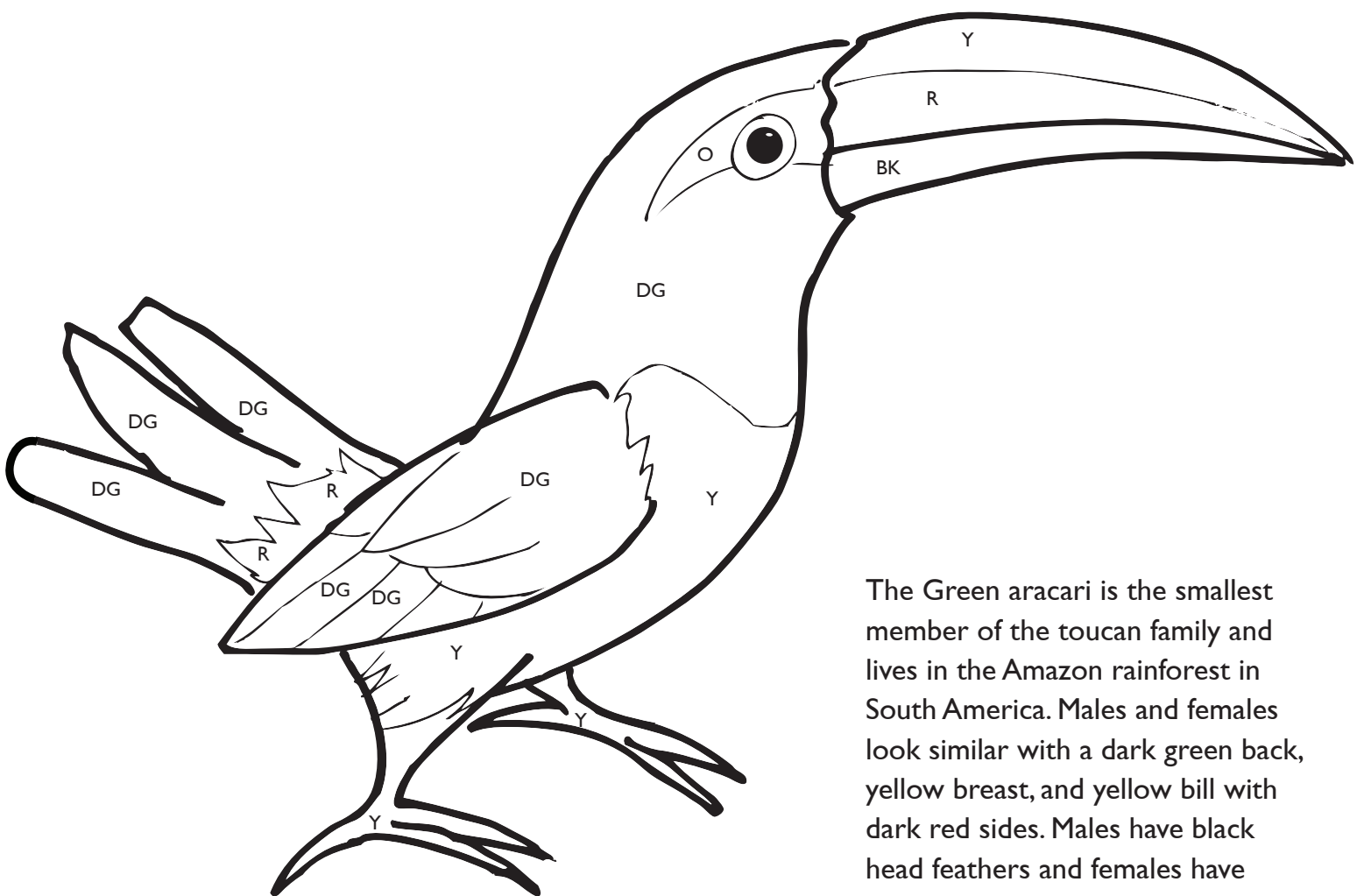


These larger cockatoos call Australia and Indonesia home and can range in size. They can run from 17 inches up to around 22 inches (44-55 cm) with the larger birds living in Australia. They are mostly white, with a yellow crest and light yellow feathers under the wings and tail. They forage in trees and on the ground searching for seeds, nuts, and fruits. They lay 2 to 3 eggs in a tree hollow which take 25 to 27 days to hatch. The young may stay in the nest up to 12 weeks and these chicks may continue to stay with the parents for several months.

Y = Yellow
W = White
GR = Gray

GREEN ARACARI

(Pteroglossus viridis)

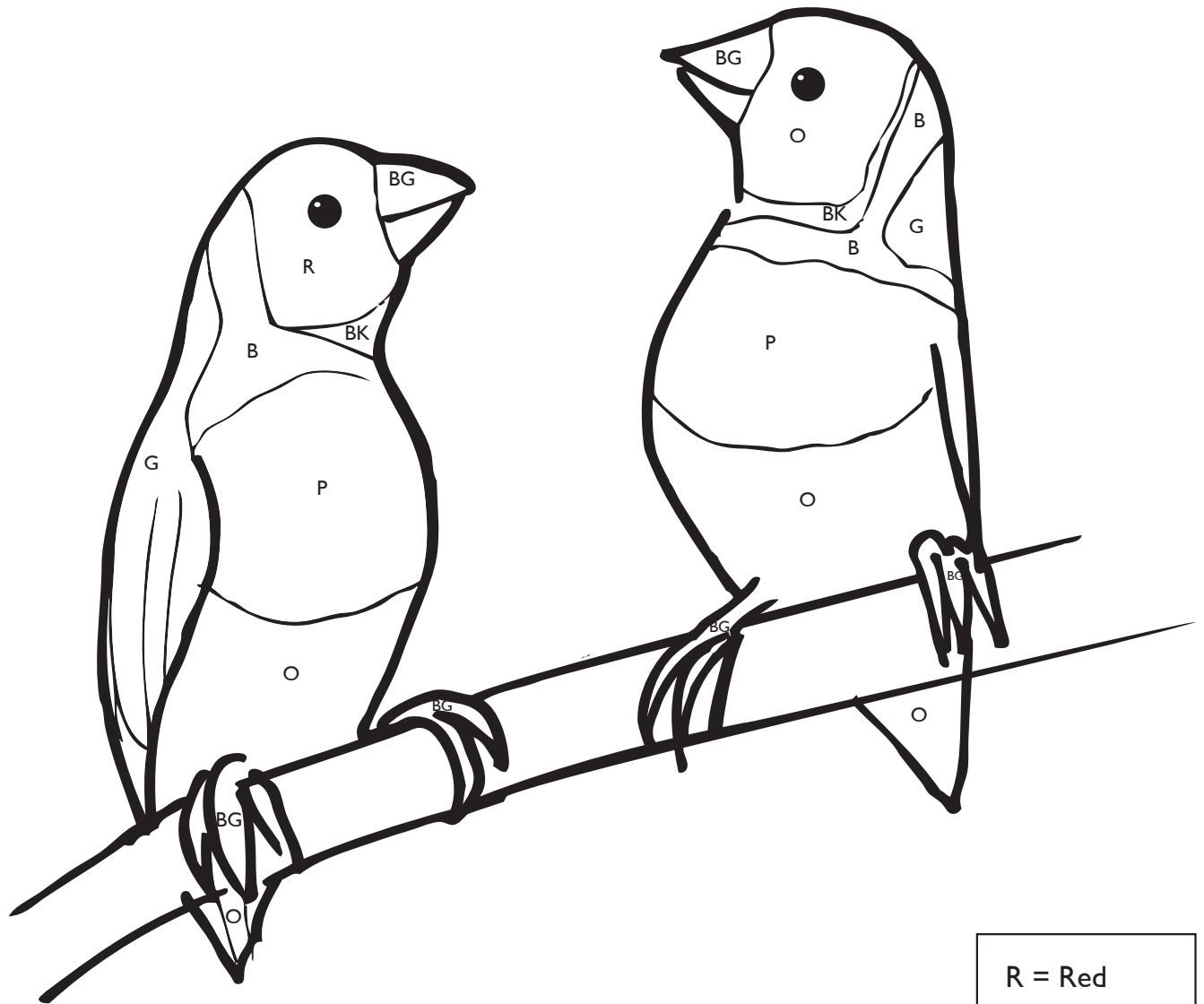


Y = Yellow
R = Red
O = Orange
DG = Dark Green
BK = Black

The Green aracari is the smallest member of the toucan family and lives in the Amazon rainforest in South America. Males and females look similar with a dark green back, yellow breast, and yellow bill with dark red sides. Males have black head feathers and females have reddish-brown. They eat mainly fruit, plucking them from the ends of branches. They lay 2 to 4 eggs in a hollow tree trunk and these eggs hatch after about 16 days. Both parents help feed the chicks while they are in the nest.

GOULDIAN FINCH

(Chloebia gouldiae)

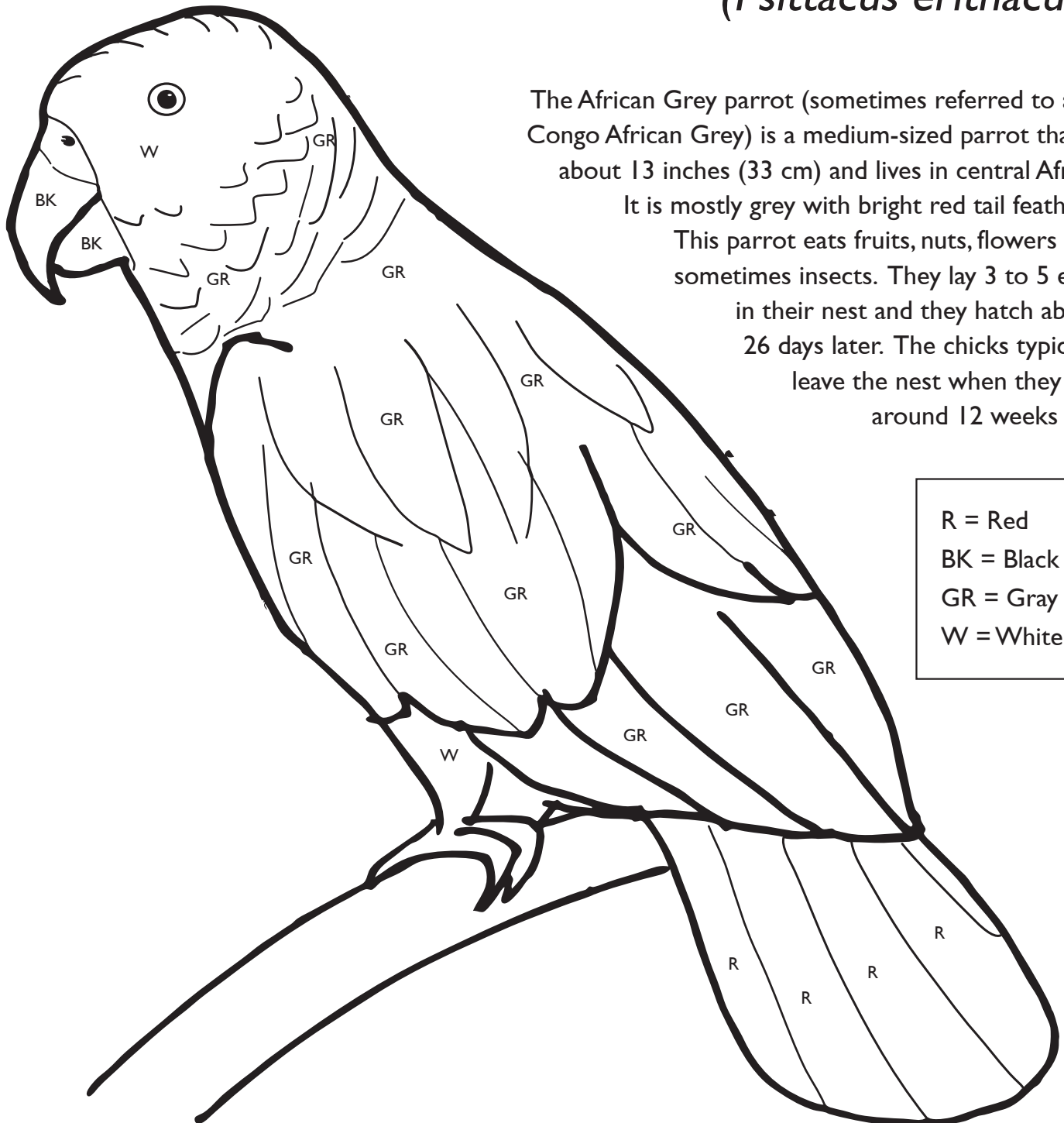


R = Red
B = Blue
G = Green
BK = Black
P = Purple
O = Orange
BG = Beige

The Gouldian finch is a smaller perching bird from the savanna woodlands of Australia. Though all of these birds are brightly colored, males are much brighter, with a green back, yellow belly, purple chest, and a head that can be red, black or yellow. Gouldian finches eat mostly seeds and forage mostly on the ground for food. They lay 4 to 8 eggs in their nest and chicks leave the nest after a few weeks.

AFRICAN GREY

(*Psittacus erithacus*)



The African Grey parrot (sometimes referred to as a Congo African Grey) is a medium-sized parrot that is about 13 inches (33 cm) and lives in central Africa.

It is mostly grey with bright red tail feathers.

This parrot eats fruits, nuts, flowers and sometimes insects. They lay 3 to 5 eggs in their nest and they hatch about 26 days later. The chicks typically leave the nest when they are around 12 weeks old.

R = Red
BK = Black
GR = Gray
W = White



The Hyacinth macaw is the largest parrot in the world, measuring nearly 40 inches (100 cm). It is blue overall with yellow eye-rings and yellow skin on each side of the beak. With their strong beaks, they eat larger nuts from palm trees as well as fruits, seeds and flowers that can be found in the trees in South America. It takes up to 28 days for the two eggs that were laid to hatch and the chicks leave the nest after 100 days. These chicks will stay with the parents for another 6 months.

Y = Yellow

B = Blue

BK = Black

GR = Gray

HYACINTH MACAW

(Anodorhynchus hyacinthinus)

RED-LORED AMAZON

(*Amazona autumnalis*)

This medium-sized parrot inhabits the forests of Mexico and Central America. It is about 13 inches (33 cm) long and mostly green in color. It also has a red forehead, light blue crown, and yellow cheek patches. They eat fruits, nuts, and seeds from up in the trees where they perch. They lay 3 to 4 eggs that hatch after 26 days and the chicks leave the nest after about 60 days of age.

Y = Yellow

R = Red

B = Blue

G = Green

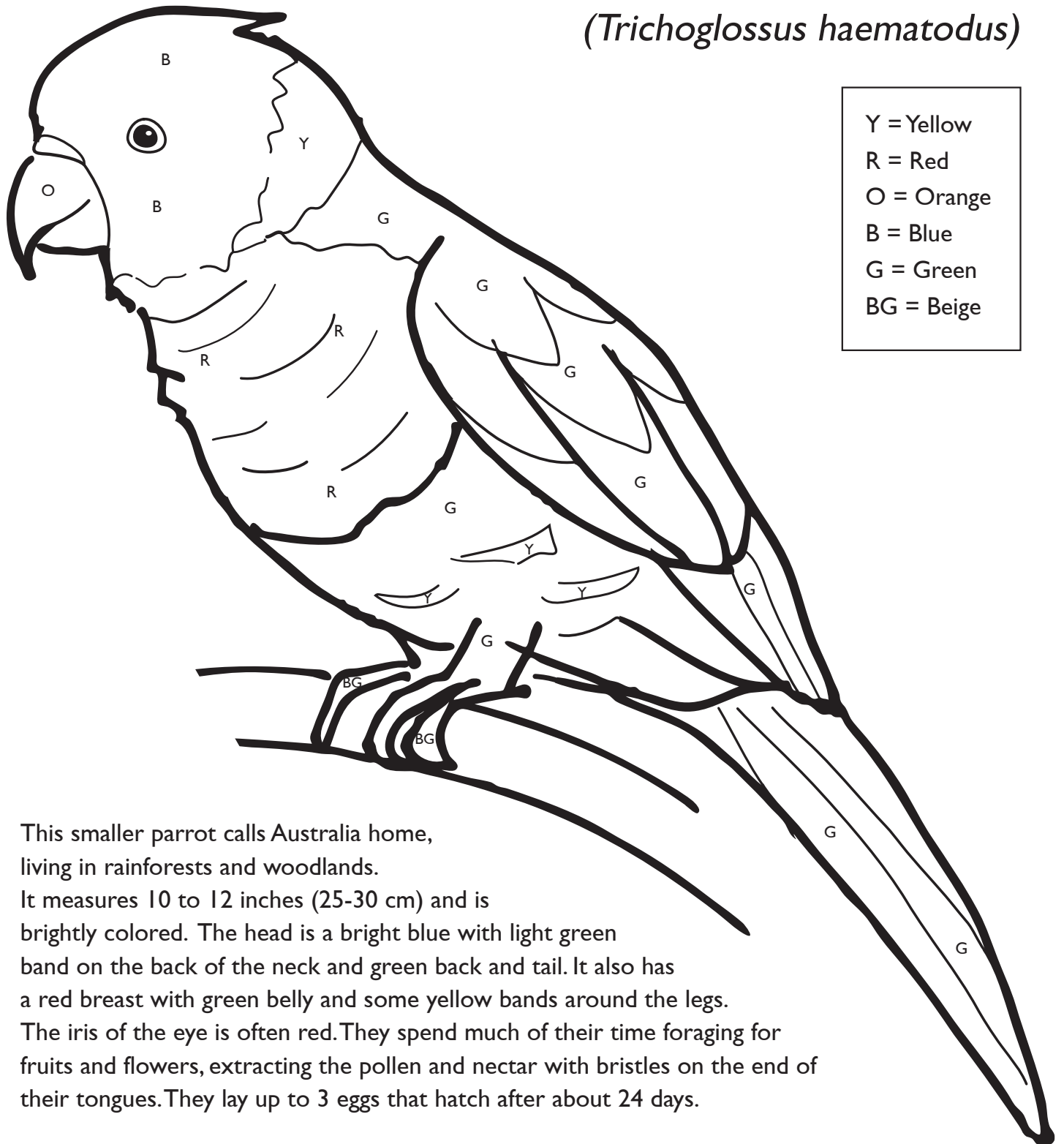
BG = Beige

BK = Black



SWAINSON'S LORIKEET

(*Trichoglossus haematodus*)



This smaller parrot calls Australia home,
living in rainforests and woodlands.

It measures 10 to 12 inches (25-30 cm) and is
brightly colored. The head is a bright blue with light green
band on the back of the neck and green back and tail. It also has
a red breast with green belly and some yellow bands around the legs.
The iris of the eye is often red. They spend much of their time foraging for
fruits and flowers, extracting the pollen and nectar with bristles on the end of
their tongues. They lay up to 3 eggs that hatch after about 24 days.

PEACH-FACED LOVEBIRD

(Agapornis roseicollis)



This small parrot lives in the dry area of southwestern Africa and measures from 6 to 7 inches (17-18 cm).

They have a rosy face and breast with a green back and belly and a blue patch on the rump. It mostly eats seeds and berries. They lay 4 to 6 eggs that hatch after 21 days. The chicks usually leave the nest after 43 days of age.

PC = Peach

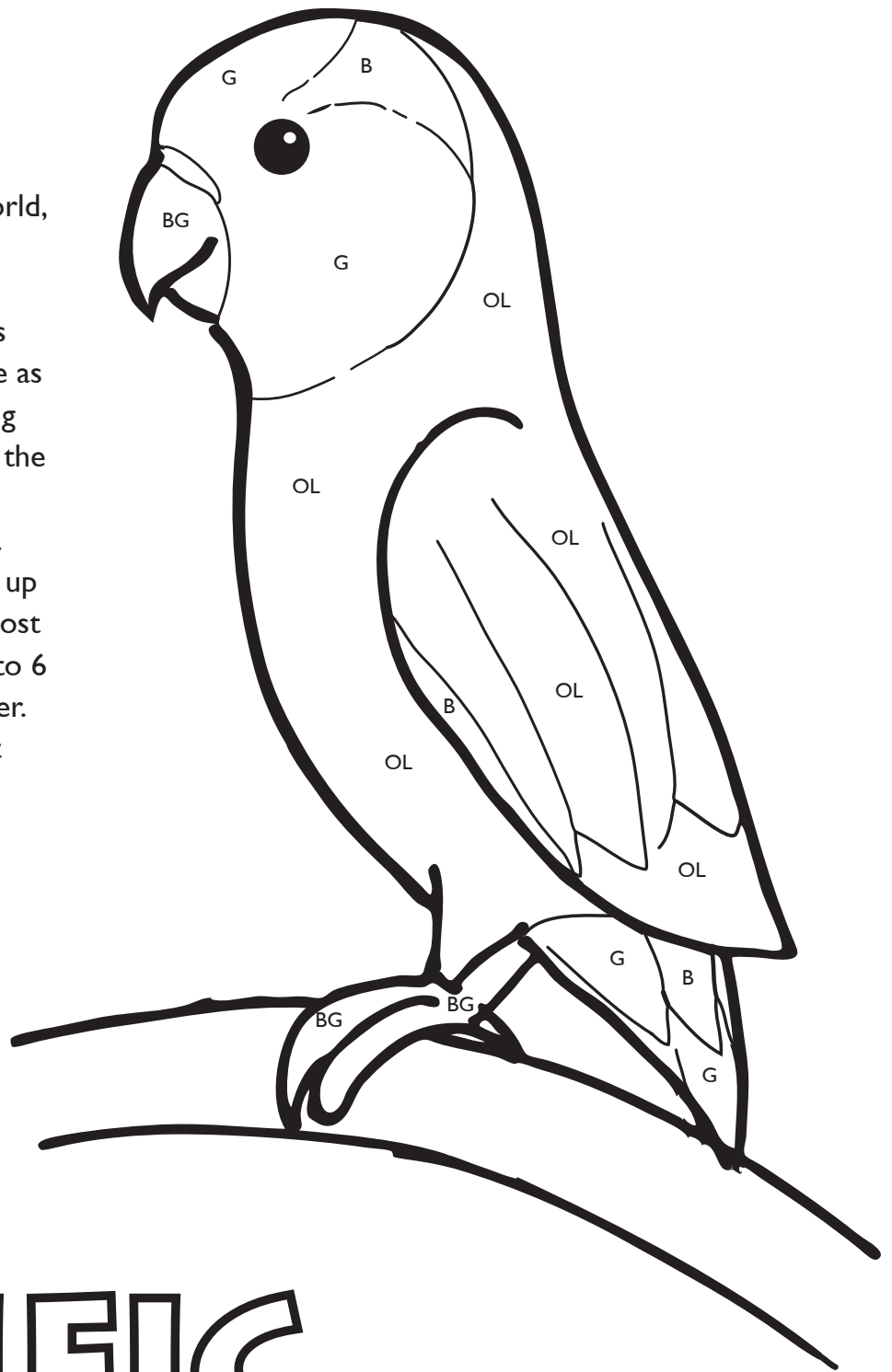
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GR = Gray

Parrotlets include some of the smallest parrot species in the world, with the most common Pacific parrotlet measuring a length of 4.5 to 5 inches (12-14 cm). Males differ from females in appearance as males have a blue rump, blue wing feathers and a blue streak above the eye. Both males and females are olive green throughout the body. They eat mostly seeds and fruits up in the trees where they spend most of their time. They usually lay 4 to 6 eggs that hatch 21 to 24 days later. The chicks begin leaving the nest around 5 weeks of age.

OL = Olive
G = Green
B = Blue
BG = Beige

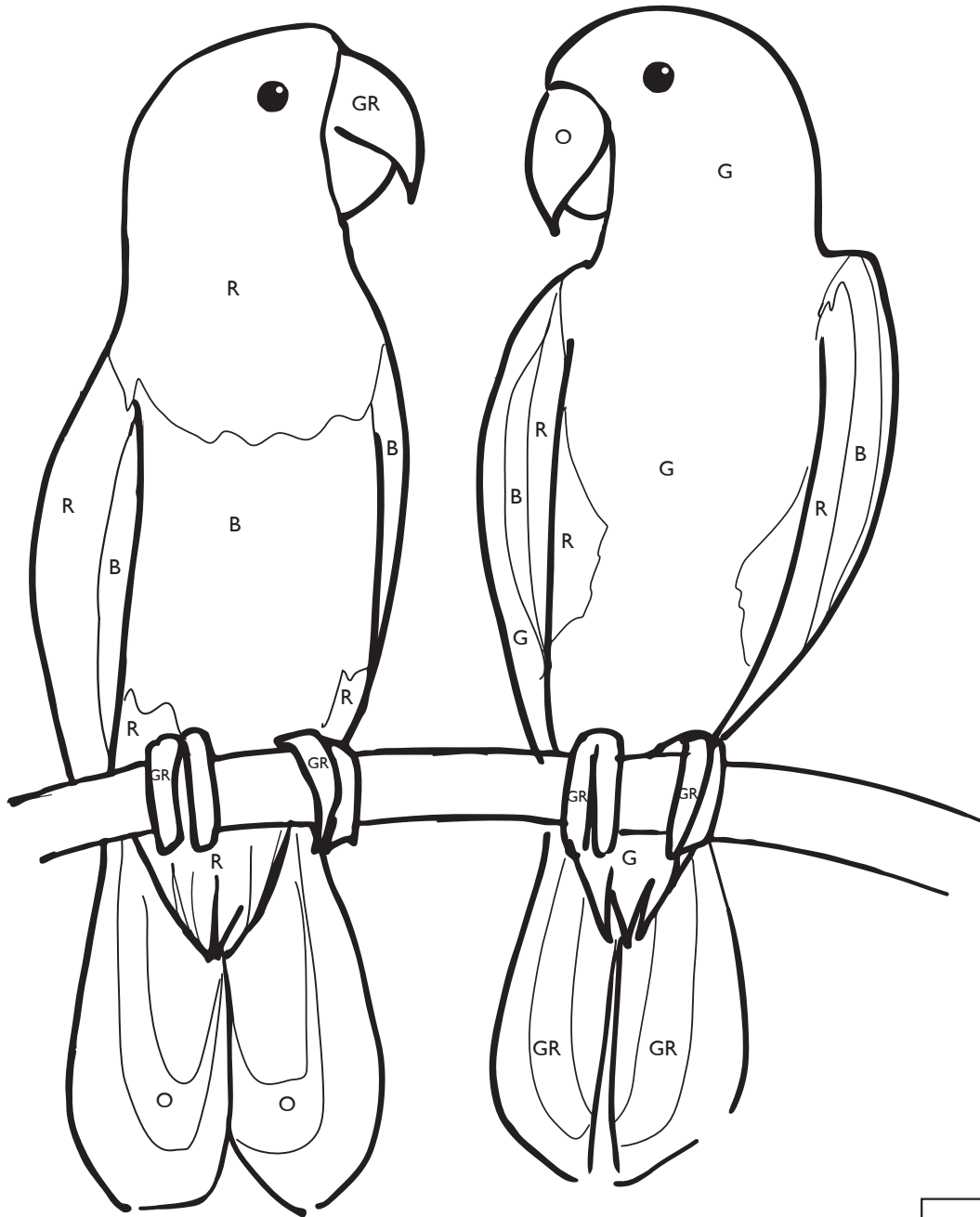


PACIFIC PARROTLET

(*Forpus coelestis*)

ECLECTUS

(*Eclectus roratus*)



Eclectus are a medium-sized parrot that is spread from Australia to New Guinea and other nearby islands. The males look much different than the females. Males are green with red underwing feathers and yellow-orange beaks. Females are mostly red, with a purplish-blue breast and a black beak. They eat fruits, nuts, flowers and buds in the trees where they perch and nest. They lay two eggs that hatch after 28 days and the chicks begin leaving the nest around 11 weeks of age.

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G = Green
GR = Gray



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The AFA is dedicated to the promotion of aviculture and the conservation of avian wildlife through the encouragement of captive breeding programs, scientific research and the education of the general public. To promote the interests of aviculture, the AFA works to educate legislators within the U.S.

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